

DPA-3 – HIGHWAY 1 CORRIDOR Objectives & Guidelines Checklist

HIGHWAY-1 CORRIDOR DEVELOPMENT PERMIT AREA GUIDELINES			SUPPORTING COMMENTS/RATIONALE
Design of the Public Realm	YES	NO	
Provides 3 metre wide sidewalks along corridor			
Provides a landscape buffer zone			
Enhances corridor shopping with pathways between buildings			
Provides markers and landscaping materials to encourage exploration			
Provides established nodes throughout the corridor			
Provides landmarks to help orientate people to features			
Provides landmarks like public art and interesting landscaping features			
Building Form, Siting, Height, & Massing	YES	NO	
Establishes a build-to-line to guide development			
Provides a step back or screening if over three storeys			
Provides gathering places, corner seating areas, or unique corner features			
Avoids the appearance of long, continuous building faces			
The longest building face is not parallel to the public street			
Building is brought to a defined edge, not set back by varying amounts			
Parking is not between the front façade of the building and the street			
Setback is large enough to permit landscaping, pedestrian amenities, and other interesting features			
Architecture	YES	NO	
Provides high level of attention to architectural design			
Avoids large expanses of featureless walls			
Avoids false fronts			
Materials and textures should complement those of adjacent buildings			
Avoids the use of large gaps between buildings			
Uses built form and landscape elements to create a defined street- wall			
Provides street continuity and casual window shopping			
Provides pedestrians protection from the elements			
Provides visual screening of services areas			
Service areas are integrated into building and site design			
Avoid exposing rooftop or ground-mounted utilities			

Makes rooftops safe and accessible, where possible and appropriate		
Considers individual safety (incorporates principles of CPTED)		
Provides universally accessible and clearly visible building entrances		
Provides consistency of building material and natural colour		
Avoids the use of artificial materials		
Surface Parking / Structured Parking and Access	YES	NO
Parking located behind or under buildings. Alternately, at the side of the building or no closer than 4 metres from screened property line		
Provides screening or landscaping of parking lots		
Provides allowance for car overhang if adjacent to pedestrian paths		
Provides separated walkways for pedestrian safety		
Includes tree plantings and other landscaped features to provide shade		
Uses universal accessibility regulations for parking design		
Situates handicapped parking spots closest to the entrance		
Provides smaller parking stalls for compact cars		
Provides minimal dispersion of light		
Uses permeable paving material to minimize storm-water runoff		
runoff		
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Canopy Design	YES	NO
Canopy and awning design is integrated into the building design		
Avoids backlighting and barrel awnings		
Public Art	YES	NO
Incorporates public art into the design of the building, particularly murals and sculpture installations		
Lighting	YES	NO
Lighting provided at a human scale (3-4m), minimizing high level lighting		
Avoids glare into adjacent residential properties		
Avoids visible overhead wiring where possible		
Landscaping	YES	NO
Provides and maintains substantial areas of shrubbery and trees		
A minimum of 10% of the commercial site is landscaped		
Plant species are mostly indigenous or compatible with the microclimate		
Ensures creative and interesting landscape designs		
Environmental Impact	YES	NO
Minimizes the impact on the environment and reduces greenhouse gas emissions by incorporating any or all of the following strategies: building siting; choice of building materials and colours; energy efficiency measures; highly insulated building envelope; use of renewable energy for heating and cooling; bicycle parking and storage facilities; electric vehicle parking and support facilities; and reduced automobile parking in accordance with relevant Bylaw provisions		